## October 18, 2013 E-Mail Basics Class Handout Prepared by Barry Cowen

- 1. E-mail is an electronic mail message sent from one computer to another.
- There are two basic kinds of e-mail:

   Client-based such as AOL and Outlook that reside on your computer
   Cloud (Web-based)-Gmail, Hotmail (Outlook Mail), Yahoo Mail, etc)
   (Cloud mail <u>servers</u> direct outgoing mail and store incoming mail)
- 3. All e-mail programs consist of the following folders\*
  -Inbox- stores new messages as well as messages that have been read
  -Outbox-stores messages waiting to be sent (\*Not found in Webmail)
  -Sent- messages that have been sent
  -Drafts- stores incomplete/saved messages waiting to be sent
  -Trash- contains messages deleted from any folder
  -Junk- stores messages detected or selected as Spam
  -Custom- additional special purpose folders created by the user
- Every e-mail address is unique and consists of three parts:
   A <u>user name</u>, the <u>@sign</u>, and a <u>domain name</u> (host, company, organization)
- 5. The address book contains a list of e-mail contacts or recipients
- 6. Things you can do with an e-mail message
  - -Compose/Write

-Save as a Draft to hold for review and possibly send out later. <u>Think BEFORE</u> <u>you send</u>. If in doubt, place the messages(s) in the Drafts folder. -Reply- answer an e-mail you have received -Forward- pass on an e-mail you have received to others -Attach- add photos, music, documents, videos, or hyperlinks

## 7. Parts of an e-mail message

- -<u>To:</u> contains name(s) of contact(s) to which the e-mail is being sent -CC (Carbon Copy)- contains contacts receiving a copy of the e-mail -BCC (Blind Carbon Copy)- a copy of an e-mail message sent to a recipient whose e-mail address does not appear in the message. Protects identities -Subject: tells the recipient(s) what the e-mail is about
- -Body- the large blank area in which the e-mail message is typed -Formatting- using a special e-mail style in the message
- 8. Do your homework. Research e-mail sources before creating needless panic.
- 9. Don't open unfamiliar e-mails or click on unusual ads appearing within them.
- 10. Respect your recipient's Internet connection speed when sending attachments
- 11. Look for a secure https: or a yellow padlock in the e-mail program address bar
- 12. NEVER send confidential e-mails in an unsecured public environment.
- 13. Clean out your Inbox regularly. Print out e-mails you do not need to store.
- 14. Don't use all CAPS in an e-mail message. This is called SHOUTING.
- 15. Set up your antivirus program to scan ingoing and outgoing e-mail.
- 16. You can also set up e-mail accounts on a variety of mobile devices.